



# ***STUDY TOUR REPORT***

## ***2017-2018***

***M.G.V.C. ARTS, COMMERCE AND SCIENCE***  
***COLLEGE MUDDEBIHAL***  
***DEPARTMENT OF ZOOLOGY***

---





To,  
The Principal,  
M.G.V.C. College,  
Muddebihal

Date: 18-01-2018

Sub: - Regarding request for permission to  
study tour

Sir,

Our students studying Zoology as one of the Subjects for their B.Sc Degree Course are anxious to visit the Zoological garden, National park and forest area for the studying of the animals. They are guided by staff members who are accompanying them.

I hereby earnestly request you to grant your kind permission to make the study tour successful.

Your kind co-operation and guidance will be quite helpful to the students in acquiring the academic excellence.

I strongly believe that you will oblige.

Thanking you,

Yours faithfully

Head of the  
Department of Zoology  
M.G.V.C. Arts, Com. & Science College  
MUDDEBIHAL-586112 Dist. Bijapur





S. G. V. C. Vidya Prasarak Trust's,

☎ : 08356220329 / 222175  
FAX : 08356220329 / 221121

**Matoshri Gangamma Veerappa Chiniwar  
Arts, Commerce & Science College,**

**MUDDEBIHAL-586212.** Dist. Vijayapur (Karnataka)

(Accredited with CGPA of 2.58 on seven point scale at 'B' Grade)

\* email : princmgvc@gmail.com \*

Ref. No. : .....

Date : 20-1-2018

**Permission letter**

Dear Colleague,

I am pleased to know through your request letter that you are going to the study tour accompanied by our students of studying Zoology as one of the subjects in their BSc degree course.

You are hereby granted permission for the same. I wish you entire study tour programme will be quite safe, happy and successful.

Date: 20-01-2018

PRINCIPAL,

M.G.V.C. Arts, Com. & Science College  
MUDDEBIHAL-586212.





M.G.V.C.ARTS, COMMERCE AND SCIENCE COLLEGE  
MUDDEBIHAL DIST: BIJAPUR

**Department of zoology**

Tentative study tour program

For B.Sc (CBZ) Students for the year 2017-18

Place of Departure and Date	Arrival Place and Date	Visits and Halts
Muddebihal 22-01-2018	Mysuru 23-01-2018	Visit to Temple, Palace, Ranganatittu and Halt
Mysuru 24-01-2018		Visit to Zoo
Mysuru 24-01-2018	Kushal nagar 24-01-2018	Visit to Cauvery Nisargadham
Kushal nagar 24-01-2018	Madikeri 24-01-2018	Halt
Madikeri 25-01-2018		Visit to Elephant dubare, Abbey falls, Rajasheet, Harangi Dam and Halt
Madikeri 26-01-2018	Kemmanagundi 26-01-2018	Visit to local places
Kemmanagundi 26-01-2018	Udupi 26-01-2018	Visit to Temple and seashore and Halt
Udupi 27-01-2018	Muddebihal 27-01-2018	

PRINCIPAL,

M.G.V.C. Arts, Com. & Science College  
MUDDEBIHAL-586212.

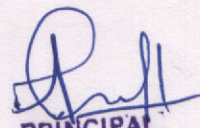


M.G.V.C.ARTS, COMMERCE AND SCIENCE COLLEGE  
MUDDEBIHAL DIST: BIJAPUR  
**DEPARTMENT OF ZOOLOGY**



List of the students and staff members going on study tour for the year  
2017-2018

	Boys		Girls	Staff members
1.	Vijay Kattimani	1.	Sushma Patil	Shri:- R.G. Vastrad
2.	Shivakumar Guruvini	2.	Sushma Kawadimatti	Smt:- K.G. Hiremath
3.	Sanjeev Kanase	3.	Saraswati Sajjan	Shri:M.M.Salimath.(Attender)
4.	H.M. Mudnal	4.	Asha Devatgal	
5.	Vikram Pawar	5.	Bhuvaneshwari Hiremath	
6.	Arun Angadi	6.	Bibiaisha Choudhari	
7.	Ravi Ingalageri	7.	Reshma Baligar	
8.	Sharanu Biradar	8.	Aishwarya Hugar	
9.	Sachin Ijeri	9.	Ayisha Takkalaki	
10.	Shridhar Ivanagi	10.	Vidyashri Ilakal	
11.	Praveen Huggi	11.	Ayishabanu Bagawan	
12.	Sachin Lamani	12.	Shivaleela Sajjan	
13.	Rahul Biradar	13.	Mabanni Mulla	
14.	Bhimanagouda Goudar	14.	Uma Dharmagiri	
15.	Avinash Chalageri	15.		
16.	Sacchin Hosamani	16.		

  
**PRINCIPAL,**  
**M.G.V.C. Arts, Com. & Science College**  
**MUDDEBIHAL-586212.**



According to the syllabus of Bsc degree course there is a compulsory field visit to study animal diversity, ecosystem, exsitu conservation, insitu conservation of animals and other applied fields .Nature is a big laboratory for science students. Therefore with the permission of our beloved principal we have conducted educational tour on behalf of zoology department from 21-01-2018 to 28-01-2018 for our students.

We had been to different places like Mysore, Shuka vana, Ranganatittu bird sanctuary, Mysore palace, Chamundibetta, Kushalnagar, Madikeri, Abby falls, Dubare Elephant camp, Bhagamandal, Talacauvery, Mysore palace and Jayachamarajendra zoological garden in Mysore.



### **MYSORE:**

Mysore is the third most populous and clean city in the state of Karnataka. Mysore is noted for its heritage structures and places. It lends its name to various art forms and culture, such as Mysore Dasara, Mysore Painting, the sweet dish Mysore Pak, Mysore masala dosa, Mysore Sandal Soap, Mysore Peta and the Mysore Sarees. In Mysore we visited many places.

PRINCIPAL,

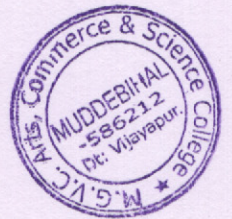
M.G.V.C. Arts, Com. & Science College  
MUDDEBIHAL - 586212.



### **Shuka vana:**

Shuka vana is present in Sri Ganapati Sachchidanand Ashrama. Shuka vana (Parrot Park) is a rehabilitation centre for birds, started by Sri Sachchidanand Swamiji in Mysore. He started this park in 2012 to give shelter to injured and abandoned birds; it has over 365 different species of birds. This park has rich collection of exotic birds like many varieties of Macaws, Amazon, Lorikeets, Quaker, Cockatoos and numerous rare and colorful species of parrots.

The Ashrama has an impressive layout. A lot of greenery and lovely garden enhance the beauty of the place. The Ashrama has a Bonsai garden which has over 450 Bonsai trees. A large pond, herbal garden, temples, hospital and book shop are the other highlights of the ashrama. The ashrama helps the economically weak community through addressing their needs of food, education, shelter and health.



### **Ranganathittu Bird Sanctuary :**

Ranganathittu bird sanctuary also known as Pakshi kashi of Karnataka, present in the Mandya district of the state of Karnataka in India. It is largest bird sanctuary in the state. It occupies about 40 acres and it comprises six islets on the bank of the Kaveri river. Ranganathittu bird sanctuary is located 3 kms away from the historic town of srirangapatna and 16 kms from city

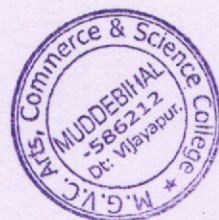


of Mysore. The ornithologist Dr. Salim Ali observed that the islets formed an important nesting ground for birds, and persuaded the Wodeyar kings of Mysore to declare the area a wild life sanctuary in 1940. The forest department of Karnataka state is maintaining the birdsanctuary.

The flora of this area includes, Riverine reed beds which cover the banks of the islands, themselves are covered in broad leaf forests, with dominant species of *Terminlia arjuna* (arjun tree), bamboo groves, and pandanus trees.

**Birds in sanctuary :**

Roughly 170 birds have been recorded in this bird sanctuary. The commonly seen birds are painted stork, Asian open bill stork, common spoon bill, woolly-necked stork, black-headed ibis, Indian shag, kingfisher, egret, cormorant and heron. During the month of January and February, more than 30 species of birds are found and the season of the sanctuary is from November to June. Some Pelicans have made Ranganathittu as their permanent home. Some birds come from Siberia, Latin America and parts of North India.







**PELICANS**



**PAINTED STORKS**





**HERON**



**CARMORANTS**









### **Mysore Palace:**

Mysore palace or Ambavilas palace is a historical palace and royal residence at Mysore in the southern Karnataka state of India. The palace is in the centre of Mysore. The palace is an excellent combination of indo-saracenic architecture and features several major unique rooms.

### **Jayachamarajendra Zoological Garden:**

It is situated in Mysore. It was established in 1892 by the king Sri Chamarajendra wodeyar and designed by German land scaper and Horticulturist Mr. G.h.Krumbeigal. It is one of the oldest zoo parks in south India. The zoo is famous for breeding some very rare animals in captivity. After independence the zoo was gifted by the Maharaja to the department of parks and Gardens of Mysore state Government in 1948. But 1972 the Government handed over the zoo to the Forest department. It is type of exsitu conservation centre for wild animals, Birds, Reptiles. It is also a conservation method of wild life.

In Zoological park different types of wild animals and birds are maintained. They include,

### **Mammals:**

Asiatic Lion, Black buck, Rhinoceros, Golden langur, Tiger, Elephant, Chital, Sambhar, Leopard, Panther, Zebra, Giraffe, Black Bear, Fox, Jacka



**Reptiles:**

Python, Anaconda, Viper, King cobra, Krait, Crocodiles, Tortoise, etc.

**Birds:**

Sarus crane, Jungle fowl, Horn bill, Peahen and peacock, Black necked crane, Varieties of parrots, etc.

In this park we find some endangered species. All animals are properly maintained. During this tour programme our students got knowledge about Ecosystem, Reserves, animal diversity, types of forests, National park, Zoo etc.



**WHITE TIGER IN ZOOLOGICAL GARDEN AT MYSORE**





**CHEETA**



**RHINOCEROS**





**BISON**



**GIBBON**





**GIRAFFE**



**WHITE COBRA**





**PYTHON**



**PAINTED STORK**





### PELICANS

#### Chamundi betta:

Chamundi hills is the prime land mark of Mysore city, visible almost from anywhere in the city centre. Chamundi hills has an important place in the history of Mysore. It is located 13kms east of Mysore, the palace city, in Karnataka, India. Atop of the hills located Chamundeshwari temple. According to a legend, the asura Mahisasura was killed by Goddess Chamundeshwari after a battle. The Goddess Chamundeshwari is also known Mahisasuramardini.

From the peak of the Chamundeshwari hills, the Mysore palace, the Karanji lake and several smaller temples are visible.



### **Regional museum of natural history:**

The regional museum of natural history is located on the bank of Karanji lake which is 2km from the Mysore zoo. The museum exhibits on plants, animals and geology of the southern region of India.

This museum was established on 20 May 1995 to spread awareness about environment and its conservation. It was undertaken by the government of India, ministry of environment and forests. A variety of models, audiovisual aids can be found at this museum. There are many sections in the museum including tropical rain forests and marine life. A model of blue whale and a big panel showing the Kaveri river are among the notable features of this museum.

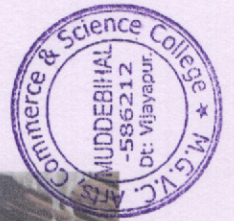


The lobby of the museum has beautiful art work of Elephants made of metal wire. The discovery centre is a wonderful section that provides the skeleton view of human body parts and animal parts like Elephant skull, Deer head, Ghariyal, Turtles etc. and also life size images of several wild animals and a Dinosaur.



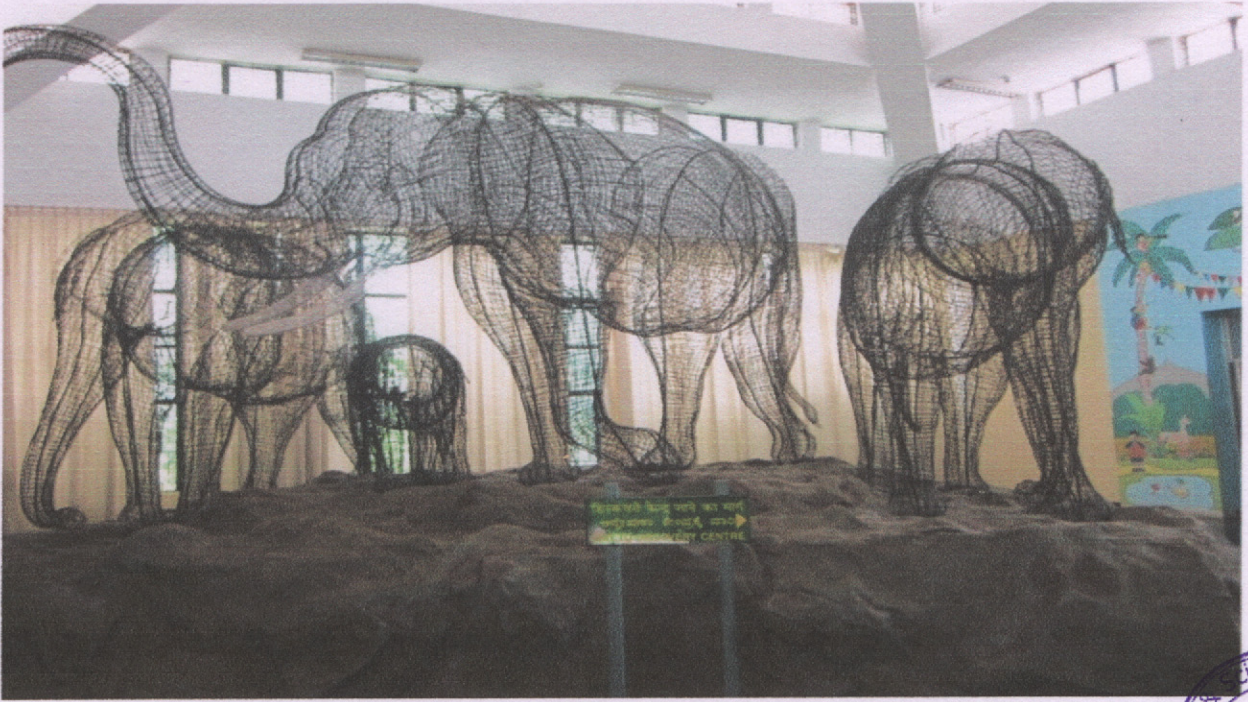


**SKELETON OF WHALE**

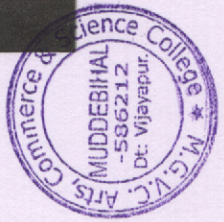


**ANIMALS OF WESTERN GHATS**





**ELEPHANTS MADE BY METAL WIRE**





### **Namdroling Monastery:**

The Namdroling Nyingmapa Monastery is also called as Golden temple which is the largest teaching centre of the Nyingma lineage of Tibetan Buddhism in the world. It is located in Bylakuppe, part of the Mysore district of the state of Karnataka. This Monastery is home to a sangha community of over 5000 lamas, a junior high school, a religious college and hospital. This Monastery was established in 1963. It is about 80kms from Mysore city.



### **GOLDEN TEMPLE AT BYLAKUPPE**

### **Madikeri :**

Madikeri is a hill station town in Madikeri taluk in Karnataka state, India. This town situated at an elevation of over 4000ft above sea level. Madikeri is 117kms from Mysore. Madikeri some times also called



### Omkareshwar temple:

### ***Abby falls:***

Abbey falls is situated about 8 km away from Madikeri, where mountain streams fall in a wild torrent to join the Cauvery River. It is one of the most beautiful picnic spot situated in between coffee



plantations and ever green forests. The water which gushes down from a height of 21 mts and it can be viewed from hanging bridge. The rainy-winter season is the best time to visit the falls.



**ABBY FALLS**





**STUDENTS IN FRONT OF ABBY FALLS**



**EVERGREEN FOREST NEAR MADIKERI**



**Dubare Elephant Camp:**

It is situated 18 km away from Kushalnagar and 42 km from Madikeri. It is famous elephant training camp. Here we find natural island formed by Cauvery river. The deciduous forests of Dubare are inhabited by several species of wild animals including Asiatic elephants, sambhar, Indian bison and birds like peacocks. This camp has boating facility, here our students enjoyed water rafting also

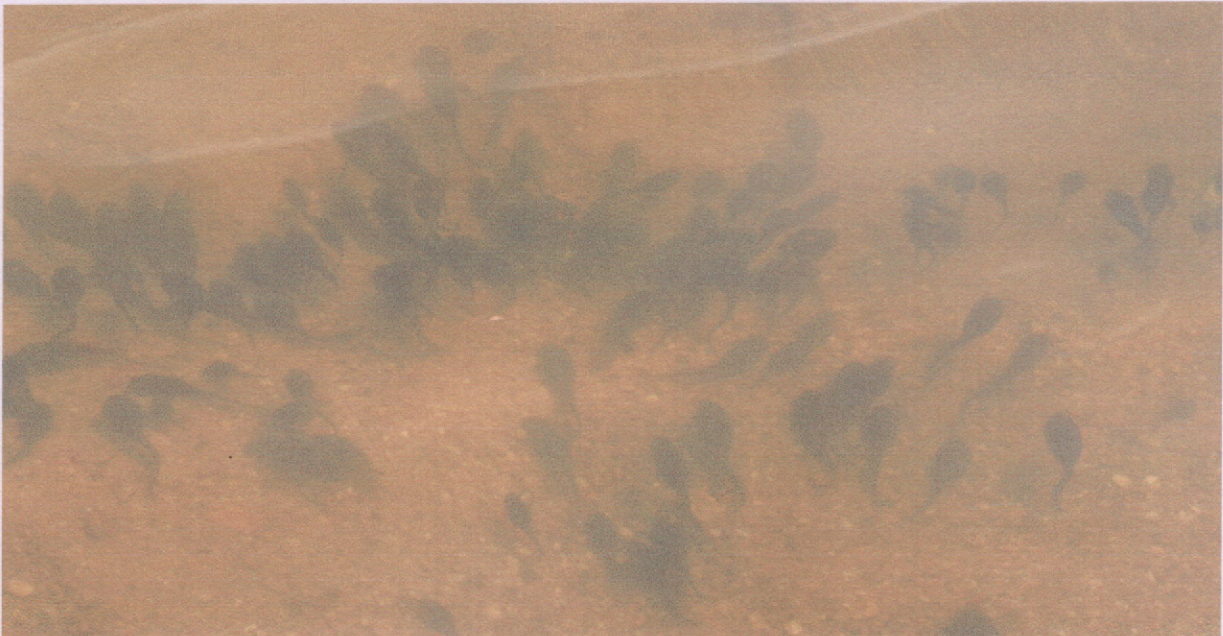


**ELEPHANT IN DUBARE CAMP**





**BATHING OF ELEPHANT**



**A GROUP OF TADPOLES FOUND IN THE RIVER NEAR DUBARE CAMP**





### **STUDENTS ENJOYING THE WATER RAFTING IN DUBARE CAMP**

#### **Bhagamandala and Talacauvery :**

Bhagamandal is about 42 km away from Madikeri, it is Also known as 'Dakshina Kashi'. Here we visited Shiva temple, The Bhagandeshwara and also the temple of Brahma and Vishnu.

Talacauvery is about 6 km away from Bhagamandala. It is one of the most prominent pilgrim centres of Karnataka situated below the Brahmagiri mountains. Around talacauvery we find evergreen forest. Cauvery is also called as Dakshina ganga and is considered as the life time of South India, which feeds the people of Karnataka and Tamil Nadu before joins Bay of Bengal.





**THE BHAGANDESHWAR TEMPLE IN BHAGAMANDAL**



**STUDENTS & STAFF AT FRONT VIEW OF BHAGANDESHWAR TEMPLE**





**FOREST SEEN AROUND TALAKAVERI**



**THE BIRTH PLACE OF CAUVERY RIVER ( TALAKAVERI )**





### **OUR STUDENTS IN TALAKAVERI**

#### **Baba budangiri :**

It is a mountain in the Baba Budan range of the western Ghats of India located in the Chikkamagaluru dist of Karnataka. It is approximately 40kms from Chikkamagaluru town.

The main peaks in this range are the Mullayanagiri and Baba Budangiri. These peaks are collectively known as Chandradrona parvatha shreni as they naturally form the shape of a crecentic moon. Baba Budangiri is a sacred place for Hindus and Muslims. This range contains many medicinal plants.

#### **Dharmasthala:**

Dharmasthala is an Indian temple town on the banksof the Nethravati Rive r in the Beilthangady taluk of the Dakshina



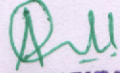


Kannada district in Karnataka, India. The town is known for its Dharmasthala Temple which houses the shrine of Shiva the Manjunath, Ammanavaru, Chanranath and the Dharma daivas. The temple is run by a Jain administration and poojas are conducted by Hindu priests.

**Manjusha Museum:**

This museum is situated in the holy town of Dharmasthala. It includes a vast collection of objects, antiques, paintings, artifacts, temple chariots, vintage and classic cars.

These were collected from temples across Karnataka.

  
PRINCIPAL,  
M. G. V. C. Arts, Com. & Science College  
MUDDEBIHAL - 586212.





S. G. V. C. Vidya Prasarak Trust's,

**Matoshri Gangamma Veerappa Chiniwar  
Arts, Commerce & Science College,**

**MUDDEBIHAL-586212.** Dist. Vijayapur (Karnataka)

(Accredited with CGPA of 2.58 on seven point scale at 'B+' Grade)

© : 08356220329

FAX : 08356220329

\* email : princmgvc@gmail.com \* www.mgvcmbi.in \*

Ref. No. : .....

Date : .....

**MGVC.Arts, Commerce and Science College Muddebihal**

**A Report on  
Study Tour 2017-18**

According to the syllabus of Bsc degree course there is a compulsory study Tour. Therefore with the permission of our beloved principal the educational tour was conducted on behalf of zoology department from 21-01-2018 to 28-01-2018 for our students.

We had been to different places like Mysore, Shuka vana, Ranganatittu bird sanctuary, Mysore palace, Chamundibetta, Kushalnagar, Madikeri, Abby falls, Dubare Elephant camp, Bhagamandal, Talacauvery, Mysore palace and zoological garden in Mysore.

The Tour was headed by Prof. R.G.Vastrad and Prof. K.G.Hiremath.

In this tour 30 students were accompanied with us.



PRINCIPAL,

M.G.V.C. Arts, Com. & Science College  
MUDDEBIHAL-586212,